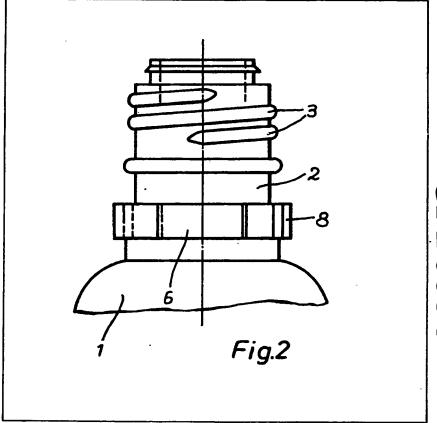
(12) UK Patent Application (19) GB (11) 2 068 912

- (21) Application No 8034919
- (22) Date of filing 30 Oct 1980
- (30) Priority data
- (31) 8001216U
- (32) 18 Jan 1980
- (33) Fed Rep of Germany (DE)
- (43) Application published 19 Aug 1981
- (51) INT CL3 B65D 55/08
- (52) Domestic classification **B8T 13A TC**
- (56) Documents cited
 - GB 1483799
 - GB 1457991
 - **GB 1438648 GB 1403274**

 - GB 1159029
 - GB 1143416
 - **GB 1054308**
 - GB 1052734
 - EP 0008190A
- (58) Field of search B8T
- (71) Applicant
 - Bünder Glas GmbH
 - Erich-Martens-Strasse
 - D-4980 Bünde 1 Federal Republic of
 - Germany
- (72) Inventors
 - Robert Brinkmann Wilhelm Scheron
- (74) Agents
 - J M Halstead 54 Pine Walk
 - **Carshalton Beeches**
 - Surrey SM5 4HD

(54) Bottle with screw cap and tamper-proof seal

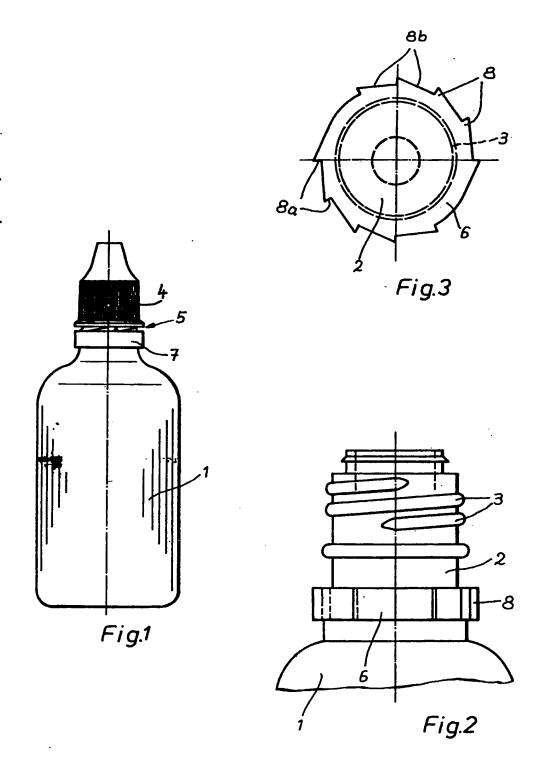
(57) A bottle 1 having a screw cap is provided with a tamperproof seal which is destroyed when the bottle is first opened. The bottle has ratchet-like abutments 8 which can be over-ridden by resilient tongues on the cap, when the cap is being screwed onto the bottle. When the cap is rotated relative to the bottle for unscrewing the cap, the tongues engage with the abutments and cause a sealing ring, on which the tongues are provided, to break away from the cap.

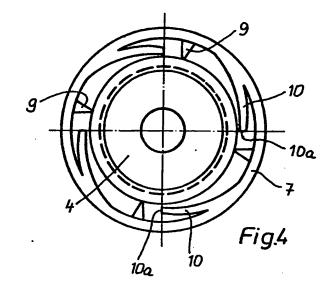


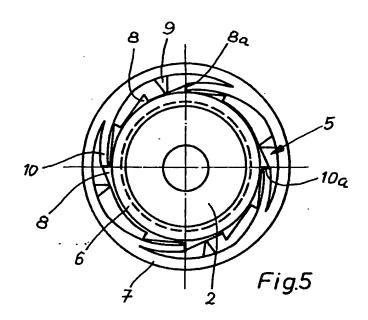
Best Available Copy

The drawing(s) originally filed was/were informal and the print here reproduced is taken from a later filed formal copy.

W တ ∞ ဖ







SPECIFICATION

Bottle with screw cap and tamperproof seal

5 The invention relates to a bottle with a screw cap fitted with a tamperproof seal which is destroyed when the bottle is first opened.

For metallic caps, a tamperproof seal may be achieved by means of a flange rim which 10 is connected to the cap by perforations and which is separated by means of the perforations when the cap is opened. A considerable expenditure of force is however required, to separate the cap from the flange rim, which is 15 disadvantageous. Frequently this separation is not achieved, and the cap has to be forced

and unscrewed from the neck of the bottle together with the flange rim, which is very difficult. Consequently these seals do not dis-20 play the desired effect in use.

Tamperproof seals on plastics caps have also become familiar, in which a locking ring also has to be separated during unscrewing, which produces the same difficulties regarding 25 slipping round and inadequate separation.

The object of the present invention is therefore to provide a bottle with a screw cap. having a simply designed, cheaply produced, reliably operating and easily destroyed tam-30 perproof seal which can be operated with a

small expenditure of force.

This object is achieved according to the invention in that a separable sealing ring with internal tongues is moulded to the screw cap 35 by means of small connecting bridges which produce points of weakness, and in that a separating collar having abutment projections and covered by the sealing ring when the cap is in its sealing position, is mounted on the 40 neck of the bottle, at least one separating collar projection locking against a tongue during the opening motion of the screw cap to cause separation of the sealing ring from the

screw can. 45 In a preferred embodiment, the separating collar is designed like a ratchet wheel and is moulded to the neck of the bottle, the bottle thus being made of plastics in one piece. The screw cap with sealing ring also forms a

50 plastics part produced as one piece.

Advantageous optional features are set out in other sub-claims appended hereto.

The plastics bottle with screw cap according to the invention is fitted with a tamperproof 55 seal which has a simple design, permits cheap production, has reliable operation and easy, energy-saving operation for its destruction.

The two seal sections on the bottle and on the cap combine satisfactorily in the sealed 60 position as a tamperproof guarantee and can hardly be seen by eye. When the cap is turned in the direction of opening by hand, they permit a reliable separation from each other, because for this purpose there are pro-65 vided favourably combining locking means

which prevent forcing or too great an expenditure of force, but automatically bring about the breaking of the tamperproof seal on opening.

70 An embodiment in accordance with the invention is hereinafter particularly described with reference to the accompanying drawings. wherein:-

Figure 1 is an elevation of a bottle with a 75 screw cap and tamperproof seal;

Figure 2 is an elevation of a part of the bottle with a separating collar moulded to the neck of the bottle as part of the tamperproof

80 Figure 3 is an underplan view of the separating collar with abutting projections;

Figure 4 is an underplan view of the screw cap with moulded-on sealing ring as a counterpart to the separating collar;

Figure 5 is a plan view of the tamperproof seal with separating collar and sealing ring working together in the sealed position.

Reference numeral 1 designates a bottle, in particular a plastics bottle, onto the moulded 90 bottle neck of which 2 with external thread 3 there is threaded a screw cap 4 which can be undone. Associated with the bottle 1 and the screw cap 4 is a tamperproof seal 5 which consists of two coacting part 6, 7 one of

95 which (6) is mounted on the bottle 1 and the other (7) on the screw cap 4.

Part 6 is made up of a moulded separating collar on the neck of the bottle 2, near the transition region between neck 2 and bottle 1, 100 which extends annularly round the bottle neck 2 and is provided with abutment projections 8 pointing outwards.

These abutment projections 8 are designed like teeth and from a locking shoulder 8a 105 which becomes effective against the opening rotational motion (left-handed) of the screw cap 4. To this locking shoulder 8a, there runs from each toothlike abutment projection 8 a tangential sliding surface 8b which is formed

110 in a straight line or an arc. This separating collar 6 with its projections 8, has the shape of a ratchet wheel.

The abutment projections 8 can be arranged on the entire circumference of the 115 separating collar 6 with equal mutual spacing, or can be provided in two or more groups, so that a greater gap is provided between each group made up of three, four or five projections than the gap between the individual 120 projections 8.

On the lower end of the screw cap 4 a sealing ring 7 is fitted as a counterpart to the separating collar 6, the ring being connected to the screw cap 4 during manufacture by

125 means of small connecting bridges 9 which form points of weakness. By means of these small connecting bridges 9, the sealing ring 7 is carried along when the screw cap 4 is screwed onto the neck of the bottle 2, but

130 when the cap 4 is unscrewed, separation of

the cap 4 from the sealing ring 7 is automatically brought about by coaction of the separating collar with the sealing ring. The small bridges 9, which provide a small area connec-5 tion with the screw cap 4, are torn off from the cap 4.

The annular sealing ring 7 has internally projecting tongues 10 which are inherently resilient and are directed tangentially inwards. 10 The tongues 10 are moulded to the inside of the ring 7 at one end and at their other have a form locking edge 10a coacting with the projections 8, since these tongues 10 are overriden and forced outwards by the projec-15 tions 8 when the cap 4 is screwed on and, when the cap is unscrewed about against the locking edges 8a of the projections and are consequently locked against turning, so that an automatic separation of the ring 7 from the 20 cap 4 takes place in the region of the small connecting bridges 9. These tongues 10 run in the unscrewing direction of the cap 4 and their free front end with locking edge 10a opposes the direction of unscrewing; the 25 tongues extend in the longitudinal direction in a straight line or an arc.

The screw cap 4 is made in one piece in plastics material together with the moulded-on sealing ring 7, and the separating collar 6 is 30 also produced as one piece with the plastics

For example, the sealing ring 7 has four tongues 10 arranged evenly spaced on its periphery, and in each case there is provided 35 between neighbouring tonges 10 a small connecting bridge which presents a triangular basic shape in plan view and is connected to cap 4 at its apex.

The screw cap 4 with sealing ring 7 is 40 screwed on to the bottle neck 2, in the course of which operation the tooth sliding surfaces 8b of the separating collar projections 8 constantly push back outwardly the tongues 10, so that the tongues 10 override the projec-45 tions 8. In the fully screwed-on position of the cap 4, the tongues 10 lie with their locking edge 10a between the projections 8, or partially on the projections 8; the ring 7 encloses

the collar 6. 50 If now the contents of the bottle are to be used, the cap 4 is unscrewed. In doing so the sealing ring 7 is carried along with the cap 4 until at least one tongue 10 comes up against a projection 8 by its locking edge 10a. The 55 stationary separating collar projection 8 now prevents further movement of the sealing ring 7 during the unscrewing of the cap 4, and separation of the sealing ring 7 from the cap 4 is achieved by means of the abutting lock-60 ing parts 8, 10. The cap can be fully unscrewed from the neck 2, and the sealing ring 7 remains on the bottle neck 2 because it lies round the separating collar 6.

The tamperproof seal 5 is destroyed when 65 the cap 4 is unscrewed for the first time.

CLAIMS

1. A bottle, with a screw cap which is fitted with a tamperproof seal which is de-70 stroyed when the bottle is first opened, characterised in that a separable sealing ring with internal tongues is provided on the screw cap by means of small connecting bridges which produce points of weakness, and that a separ-

75 ating collar having abutment projections and overlaid by the sealing ring when the cap is in its sealing position, is mounted on the neck of the bottle, at least one separating collar projection locking against a tongue during the

80 opening motion of the screw cap and covering the separation of the sealing ring from the screw cap.

2. A bottle, according to claim 1, whereig the separating collar located near a transition 85 region between the neck and the bottle annularly round the bottle neck is moulded to the plastics bottle.

3. A bottle, according to either of claims 1 and 2, wherein that the separating collar with 90 its abutment projections is shaped like a ratchet wheel.

4. A bottle, according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the abutment projections of the separating collar have a sliding 95 surface pointing tangentially outwards in the direction of unscrewing and running in a straight line or in an arc in the longitudinal direction, and an adjoining radial or tangential locking edge projecting outwards.

100 5. A bottle, according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the abutment projections on the periphery of the separating collar

are arranged evenly spaced.

6. A bottle, according to any one of 105 claims 1 to 4, wherein the abutment projections are arranged on the periphery of the separating collar in two or more groups of several projections.

7. A bottle, according to any one of 110 claims 1 to 6, wherein there are provided on the inside of the annular sealing ring a plurality of tongues evenly spaced on the periphery, between which is located a small connecting bridge.

115 8. A bottle, according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the tongues are moulded to the ring at one longer end and run straight and/or in an arc in the longitudinal direction and point tangentially inwards in

120 the cap screwing-on direction, and form a locking edge at their free font end disposed to oppose the screwing-off of the cap.

9. A bottle, according to any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein the small connecting 125 bridges have a triangular shape with their apex connected to the front of the cap.

10. A bottle, according to any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the separating collar and the sealing ring which overlaps the for-130 mer have approximately the same height.

11. A bottle, according to any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein the screw cap with moulded on sealing ring is made of plastics.

12. A bottle substantially as described

12. A bottle substantially as described5 herein with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Printed for Her Majesty's Stationery Office by Burgess & Son (Abingdon) Ltd.—1981. Published at The Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, WC2A 1AY, from which copies may be obtained.

This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

BLACK BORDERS

IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES

FADED TEXT OR DRAWING

BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING

SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES

COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS

GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT

REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY

OTHER:

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.